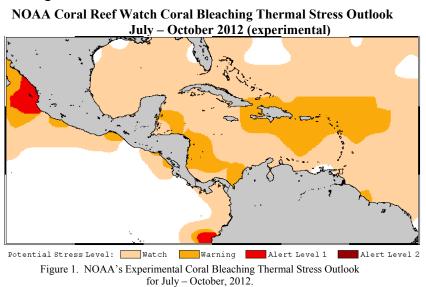


### Mote Marine Laboratory / Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Coral Bleaching Early Warning Network Current Conditions Report #201210702

# NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARIES and FLORIDA KEYS

### Updated July 2, 2012

**Summary**: Based on climate predictions, current conditions, and field observations, the threat for mass coral bleaching within the FKNMS remains **LOW**.



http://coralreefwatch.noaa.gov/satellite/bleachingoutlook/index.html

#### Weather and Sea Temperatures

According to the latest NOAA Coral Reef Watch (CRW) experimental Coral Bleaching Thermal Stress Outlook, there is the potential for coral bleaching throughout the Florida Keys region in the coming months, as well as potential bleaching for some parts of the Caribbean for the remainder of the summer of 2012. (Fig. 1).

Current remote sensing analysis by NOAA's CRW program indicates that the Florida Keys region is presently experiencing no thermal stress. NOAA's recent experimental Coral Bleaching HotSpot Map (Fig.2). which illustrates current sea surface temperatures compared to the average temperature for the warmest month, shows no current stressful temperatures for the Florida Keys. Similarly, NOAA's latest experimental Degree Heating Weeks (DHW) map, which indicates how much heat stress has built up over the past 12 weeks (Fig.3), illistrates no accumulated temperature stress in the Florida Keys region. NOAA's Integrated Coral Observing Network (ICON) monitoring stations, which provide near real time *in-situ* sea temperature data along the outer reef tract throughout the Florida Keys, confirm that temperatures appeared to be below 30°C for the month of June (Fig.4), likely due in part to elevated wind speeds observed over the past two weeks (Fig. 5). In-situ sea temperature data is currently not available for Sand Key, or Sombrero. Dry Tortugas station is not recording any data at this time.

Mote Marine Laboratory will continue to monitor the NOAA HotSpot maps, DHW maps, and ICON sea temperature data from monitoring stations on a weekly basis for the remainder of the bleaching season.

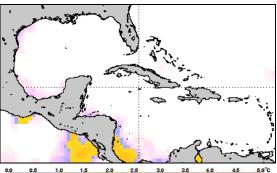


Figure 2. NOAA's Experimental Coral Bleaching HotSpot Map for July 2, 2012. http://coralreefwatch.noaa.gov/satellite/e50/

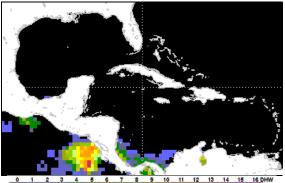


Figure 3. NOAA's Experimental Degree Heating Weeks Map for July 2, 2012. http://coralreefwatch.noaa.gov/satellite/e50/

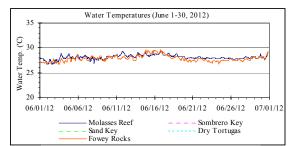


Figure 4. *in-situ* sea temperature from NOAA/ICON monitoring stations (June 1-30, 2012).

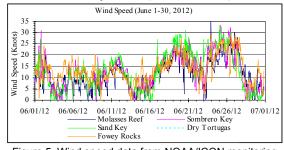


Figure 5. Wind speed data from NOAA/ICON monitoring stations (June 1-30, 2012).



## Mote Marine Laboratory / Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary **Coral Bleaching Early Warning Network Current Conditions Report #201210702**



### Conditions of Corals

A total of 29 BleachWatch Observer reports were received during the month of June, with only 2 reports indicating



Healthy Figure 7 Siderastrea siderea, Diploria labyrinthiformis and Fire Coral next to paling Palythoa sp. at a patch reef offshore of Cudjoe Key on June 30, 2012.

isolated colonies exhibiting signs of paling. The remaining 27 reports indicated that no significant signs of coral bleaching were observed. At those sites where partial bleaching or paling was noted (Fig.6), the overall percentage of corals exhibiting signs of thermal stress was only 1-10% of corals at each site.

The majority of isolated paling observations consisted of Encrusting/Mound/Boulder corals. Other observations included paling of Palythoa spp. (Fig. 7) and Fire Coral..

These isolated observations of paling and partial bleaching do not necessarily indicate the onset of a mass bleaching event; however, continued field observations are needed as more widespread coral bleaching could develop if environmental conditions continue to be favorable.

### **BleachWatch Reports for June 1-30, 2012**

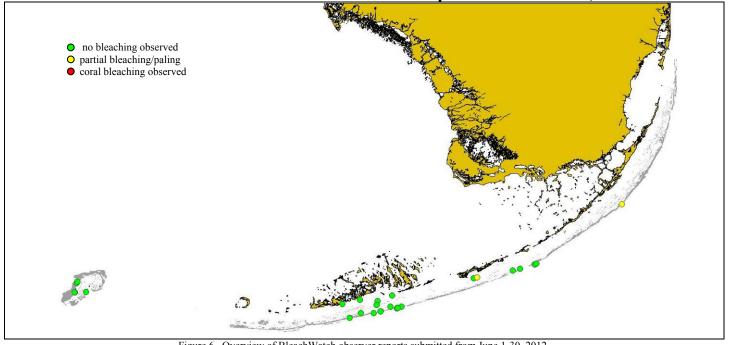


Figure 6. Overview of BleachWatch observer reports submitted from June 1-30, 2012.

### For more information about the BleachWatch program, or to submit a bleaching observation, contact:

Cory Walter Mote Marine Laboratory 24244 Overseas Highway Summerland Key, FL 33042 (305) 745-2729 x301 http://www.mote.org/Keys/research/bleaching.phtml

#### **Funding Provided By:**

