

Current Conditions Report #20201029 Updated October 29, 2020

Summary: Based on climate predictions, current conditions, and field observations, the threat for mass coral bleaching within the FKNMS remains **LOW**.

NOAA Coral Reef Watch Current and 60% Probability Coral Bleaching Alert Outlook October 28, 2020 (experimental)

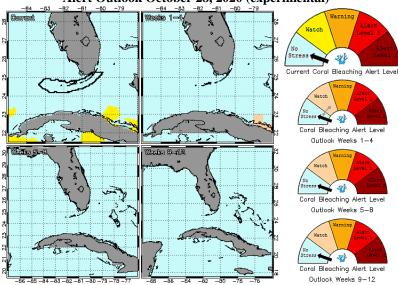


Figure 1. NOAA's 5 km Experimental Current and 60% Probability Coral Bleaching Alert Outlook Areas through January, 2020 (Updated October 28, 2020).

coralreefwatch.noaa.gov/vs/qauqes/florida_keys.php

Weather and Sea Temperatures

According to the newly released NOAA Coral Reef Watch (CRW) experimental 5-kilometer (km) Satellite Current and 60% Probability Coral Bleaching Alert Area, areas of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary (FKNMS) has been reduced to "No Stress", indicating there is no longer a threat of mass bleaching this season for the Florida Keys.

Recent remote sensing analysis by NOAA's CRW program indicates that all the Florida Keys region continues to experience decreasing thermal stress. NOAA's new experimental 5 km Coral Bleaching HotSpot Map (Fig. 2), which illustrates current sea surface temperatures compared to the average temperature for the warmest month, shows that temperatures are currently not elevated for the Florida Keys. Similarly, NOAA's experimental 5 km Degree Heating Weeks (DHW) map, which illustrates how much heat stress has built up over the past 12 weeks (Fig. 3), confirms that the level of accumulated temperature stress is decreasing for the Florida Keys region. NOAA's Integrated Coral Observing Network (ICON) and Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL) monitoring stations, which provide near real time in-situ sea temperature and wind data throughout the Florida Keys reefs as well as Mote Marine Laboratory (MML) in-situ temperature collected at Looe Key SPA and Sand Key Nursery confirm that temperatures have been well below 30°C over the past two weeks (Fig.4), likely due in part to elevated wind conditions observed during the same period (Fig. 5). Because the CRW's program continues to maintain a coral bleaching alert status of "No Stress" indicating that coral bleaching is not likely, and due to the current environmental conditions, this will be the final current conditions report for the 2020 Florida Keys BleachWatch season.

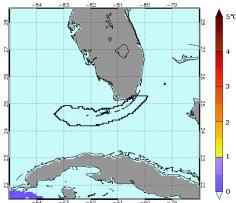


Figure 2. NOAA's Experimental 5km Coral Bleaching HotSpot Map for Florida October 28, 2020. coralreefwatch.noaa.gov/vs/gauges/florida_keys.php

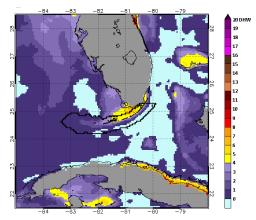


Figure 3. NOAA's Experimental 5km Degree Heating Weeks Map for Florida October 28, 2020. coralreefwatch.noaa.gov/vs/gauges/florida_keys.php

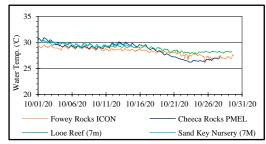


Figure 4. *in-situ* sea temperature from NOAA/ICON/Mote monitoring stations (October 1-29, 2020).

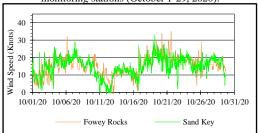


Figure 5. Wind speed data from NOAA/ICON monitoring stations (October 1-29, 2020).

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Mote Marine Laboratory / Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary

Coral Bleaching Early Warning Network

Current Conditions Report #20201029



Current Coral Conditions

A total of 27 BleachWatch Observer reports were received during the last month, with 20 reports indicating isolated colonies exhibiting signs of paling or partial bleaching. The few affected corals were limited to Mound/Boulder, Plate/Sheet and Brain corals. The remaining reports indicated that no significant signs of coral bleaching were observed. At the sites where paling was noted (Fig.6), the overall percentage of corals exhibiting signs of thermal stress ranged mostly from only 1-10%, with some sites up to 50%.

The 2020 Florida Keys BleachWatch season has officially come to an end with a total of 284 reports submitted by BleachWatch observers and researchers (Fig. 7). Observer reports verified that minor signs of coral bleaching were observed in the Florida Keys region in 2020, with most reports noting only paling or partial bleaching (Fig. 8) and with only 1-10% of corals affected at most of those sites. Based on current environmental conditions and the limited number of new observations of isolated paling or partially bleached corals, significant coral bleaching in the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary and surrounding waters seems highly

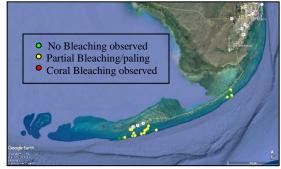


Figure 6. Overview of reports submitted Sept. 29-Oct. 29, 2020

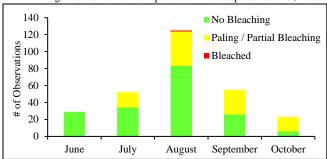


Figure 8. Bleaching severity by month for June-October 2020.

unlikely at this time. As a result, this will be the final current conditions report for 2020.

THANK YOU BLEACHWATCH OBSERVERS!!!

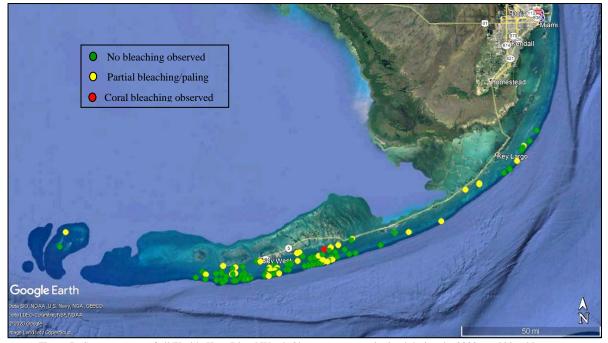


Figure 7. Summary map of all Florida Keys BleachWatch Observer reports submitted during the 2020 coral bleaching season.

For more information about the BleachWatch program, FUNDING THANKS TO.... or to submit a bleaching observation, contact:

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CORAL REEF



