Restocking and atypical climatic conditions markedly influence the abundance of an

estuarine resident penaeid

To stock or not: the estuarine enhancement paradox

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INTRODUCTION

Estuaries are highly productive and dynamic environments that are heavily exploited by recreational fishers



- Estuarine-resident species are highly susceptible to positive and negative influences, as stocks not replenished from marine waters
- Four year restocking program for *Metapenaeus dalli* initiated to restore population and reinvigorate recreational fishery

METHODS

- 4.5 million post-larval *M. dalli* released between 2012/13 & 2015/16
- Monthly monitoring conducted during breeding season (Oct March) in each of five years between 2013/14 & 2017/18

RESULTS

First three years





- Stable salinities, warm water temperatures and high oxygen levels
- Abundance 1 by 58 & 109% and egg production 1,912 & 124% in nearshore and offshore waters, respectively, in 2015/16

Study location and sampling regime



Hypoxic conditions following the atypical rainfall in Feb 2017. Fig. provided by M. Hipsey, University of Western Australia

Nearshore	Offshore
5.	D = 0.001 25

Last two years



- Cool winter of 2016 and localized hypoxia, followed by atypical heavy summer rainfall in 2017 and widespread hypoxia
- 90% \downarrow in abundance and 85% \downarrow in egg production in 2016/17
- In 2017/18 M. dalli population only 4% of 2012/13 levels
- Abundance of the co-occurring & marine spawning *Penaeus latisulcatus* remains relatively unchanged over the five years

CONCLUSION

- Trade off for aquaculture-based enhancement of estuarine-resident species, i.e. estuarine enhancement paradox
- Remaining in estuary facilitates \uparrow catches and egg production
- However, population highly susceptible to deleterious events

$P = 0.001 \quad 25$ $P = 0.001 \quad 25$ $P = 0.001 \quad 25$ $P = 0.001 \quad 200$ $P = 0.001 \quad 200$ $P = 0.001 \quad 200$ $P = 0.001 \quad 150$ $P = 0.001 \quad 150$ 100 50 0 $13/14 \quad 14/15 \quad 15/16 \quad 16/17 \quad 17/18$ Year Year

Mean M. dalli abundance (\pm 95% CI) & total egg prod. 500 m². Blue dots denote years where post-larval stocking occurred





Take a picture to



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